# **THOR Log Analysis**

**Nextron Systems** 

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### **ONE**

### INTRODUCTION

THOR log files are designed to provide as much information on a detected object as possible. However, the THOR scanner is designed to evaluate an object offline without any further data sources aside from the local signature sets. Many log messages must be evaluated by an analyst that has access to other data sources and platforms.

This document is meant for analysts with the task to analyze THOR log files. Each chapter contains guidelines to process messages of a certain module. Please see chapter *Tools for Event Analysis* for an overview of tools to evaluate the events generated by THOR. This is not an exhaustive list and some tools might be outdate/non-existent at some point. It is important to keep up to date with the latest tools.

#### **ANALYST PROFILE**

The analyst profiles help you to understand which skills are recommended and required to complete a successful log analysis. The THOR scanner actually performs a live forensic analysis on the end systems and highlights elements using the internal signature database. The best possible analyst for these events is someone with experience in digital forensics, incident response or malware analysis.

The expert in digital forensics knows how to spot and qualify suspicious elements.

The incident responder understands adversary tactics, hack tools, lateral movement methods and the many different ways to achieve persistence on an end system.

And the malware analyst has the right mindset and experience to evaluate at least the elements that involve backdoors and persistence methods.

We recommend a two-tiered analysis process in which a second level analyst, with the skill set described above, processes log lines that have been pre-qualified by first level analysts.

#### 2.1 Recommended / 2nd Level

- Forensic Analysis
- Incident Response Specialist
- · Malware Analyst

## 2.2 Required / 1st Level

- · Professional with security background
- Knowledge of Microsoft Windows internals (Administration, Development)
- · Security analyst with Antivirus log analysis background

#### GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

This chapter contains general approaches that apply to all findings regardless of the module that reported it. For a deeper understanding of our products (e.g. ASGARD Management Center or Analysis Cockpit), we recommend our online Training Platform. Please contact us for more information.

### 3.1 High Quantity Reduces Relevance

In contrast to firewall log analysis, the high number of a particular event doesn't increase, but rather decrease the relevance of that event. In a nutshell, if a suspicious file has been detected on a high number of endpoints within a given network, it is most likely a false positive. Experience showed that the most relevant findings were reported from 1-5 and sometimes up to 30 endpoints, but suspicious elements reported from 100 endpoints and higher are most likely false positives, if no strong indicators suggest the opposite.

## 3.2 Analysis by Module or Score

Our analysts prefer two types of approaches that are often combined to analyze big amounts of log data.

First, we recommend using our Analysis Cockpit or the free Splunk App / Add-on to sort the log data by score (descending).

This way, analysts are able to see top scoring elements that are often the most urgent ones. It is recommended to process the top scoring events top down to a score of 80 and then switch over to an analysis by module. After selecting a certain module, we recommend selecting the columns (fields) with the most characteristic features. (e.g. FileScan module > selected fields FILE, MAIN\_REASON)

- 1) Sort by score and analyze events top down to a score of 80
- 2) Analyze events by module and process the remaining events with an appropriate set of columns

#### 3.3 Filter Clear the View

It is crucial to provide a quick and easy way to filter events based on keywords, especially when analyzing events of hundreds or thousands of endpoints. Log analysis or SIEM systems that do not offer easy and fast ways to filter information from a view, make it substantially more difficult to process large amounts of log data.

Typically, false positives are found in great quantities. By providing tools and log management solutions that allow easy filtering, the time to complete the analysis of large amounts of log data can be reduced from days to a few hours.

## 3.4 Attribute Evaluation

Many evaluation steps that can be automated have already been implemented in the scanners. This document aims at giving an analyst the best possible support to complete the remaining evaluations.

There is no easy step by step guide to analyze the logs of our forensic scanners. The tables named "Attribute Evaluation", which are part of the following chapters, just support this evaluation process. They do not represent all necessary steps to complete an analysis.

#### **FOUR**

#### **FILESCAN**

Events reported by the FileScan module typically originate from the file system scan. But due to the "Message Enrichment" feature, other modules that include events with full "file path" strings may also produce events of this type (e.g. module SHIMCache, Eventlog).

Filescan events are rich in attributes and extra information.

### 4.1 Sample

Dec 2 19:29:43 PROMETHEUS/10.0.2.4 THOR: Notice: MODULE: Filescan MESSAGE: Suspicious file found FILE: C:\Program Files (x86)\HaoZip\HaoZipExt64.dll SCORE: 54 MD5: 60873d6560b29bdb30235e05eda97539 SHA1: d312157d7c890a68eed85c5a2fd17fdfe6defa87 OWNER: BUILTIN\Administrators SIZE: 513800 TYPE: EXE FIRSTBYTES: 4d5a90000300000004000000ffff0000b8000000 / MZ COMPANY: ACME DESC: 2345-Windows CREATED: Thu Jul 26 05:20:04 2012 MODIFIED: Thu Jul 26 05:20:04 2012 ACCESSED: Fri Sep 20 12:47:39 2013 REASON\_1: Haozip\_SFX / Haozip SFX Compressed Executable Score: +50 Trigger: Specific Rule Value: Str1: release\pdb\HaoZip

## 4.2 Typical False Positives

- Legitimate files matching a filename regular expression IOC
- YARA rules matching THOR reports or clear-text signatures from former scans have been left on the system
- Dual use tools used by administration (e.g. nmap.exe, ncat.exe)
- Legitimate tools moved to the Recycle Bin and therefore detected with wrong name (e.g. Psexec as \$IR4HB6A. exe)
- Legitimate but very old files that trigger the file size anomaly
- Old and rare versions of legitimate programs that trigger the file signature anomalies (that often happens with javaw.exe/java.exe)

#### 4.3 Attribute Evaluation

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
FILE	See chapter File Path Checks			
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	See chapter <i>Hash Checks</i> for generic checks on hashes			
SIZE	Is the file size 0 bytes? (Probably reset by AV due to a detected infection)	Yes	Good	High
FIRSTBYTES	Do the fist bytes contain words in native language - e.g. @ECHO OFFECHO "Übertragung	Yes	Good	High
FIRSTBYTES	Do the first 20 bytes already contain executables or command line tools - e.g. @echo off net user /domain >	Yes	Bad	Medium
OWNER	Is the owner of the file a typical user account - e.g. DOM\ user123	Yes	Good	Low
OWNER	Is the owner of the file BULTIN\Administrators	Yes		
OWNER	Does the owner string of the file contain IIS or another service name - e.g. IIS_USRS, tomcat, apache	Yes	Bad	Medium
TYPE	Does the type match the extension?	No	Bad	Low
ТҮРЕ	Is the type EXE and the extension a benign looking one - e.gtxt or .pdf	Yes	Bad	Medium
COMPANY	Does the company string from the PE header match the expected values - e.g. cmd.exe contains Microsoft	No	Bad	Medium
DESC	Does the description string from the PE header match the expected values - e.g. sapgui.exe contains SAP GUI for Windows	No	Bad	Low
CRE- ATED/MODIFIED	Has the file been created very far in the past - e.g. time stamp shows 2021 and older	Yes	Good	Low
CRE- ATED/MODIFIED	Has the file been modified on a Sunday (does not apply to regions were admins work on a Sunday for example)	Yes	Bad	Medium

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## 4.4 Typical REASONs

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
REASON_1	Is the only REASON a file name pattern match (prone to false positives)	Yes	Good	Low
REASON_2	Is the file located in a personal user folder and does it look like that the user changed the extensiopn to avoid certain filter mechanisms - e.g. Chrome-Portable. exe.txt)	Yes	Good	Medium
	Does the Reason field report a file anomaly and the file is located in a backup folder from a very old version of Windows (or maybe a outdated version of the original program) - e.g. F:\WinNT35\ or C:\Program Files\NextGen Software\bin\javaw.exe	Yes	Good	Medium
	Does the REASON report a suspicious, unsigned javaw.exe and is that file located in a folder of a software product (Rule: Javaws_Not_Verisign) - e.g. C:\Program Files\IBM Backup Manager\bin\javaw.exe	Yes	Good	Medium
	Rule starts with VUL_ reporting a vulnerability	Yes	Good	Medium
	Does the rule match on a hack tool, which is installed in a typical location on disk or in a backup location - e.g. ncat in /usr/bin/ncat or /backups/sys1/20171113/bin/ncat	Yes	Good	Medium

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**FIVE** 

#### SHIMCACHE

The SHIM Cache or **AppCompatCache** (Application Compatibility Cache) is a special Registry cache containing valuable information, because the cache tracks metadata for binary files that were executed.

It includes the full path to the executable file image and a timestamp, which could be the date of the last execution or the creation time stamp of the file, depending on the Windows version.

In cases where the executed file is still present on disk, THOR calculates hashes and includes them in the log message (message enrichment). If you can't find a hash in the log line, this means that THOR wasn't able to find the file on disk anymore.

#### 5.1 References

• Count Upon Security

## 5.2 Samples

```
Aug 26 13:10:21 SRV2345/10.2.0.22
THOR: Warning: MODULE: SHIMCache
MESSAGE: Suspicious file name in Shim Cache Entry detected
ELEMENT: SYSVOL\Temp\1.exe
PATTERN: [01].exe AND [A-Za-z0-9].(exe|com|dll|bat|scr|vbs)$ AND [Tt]emp[0-9a-zA-z0-9].
\rightarrowZ]\.(exe|dll)
SCORE: 60
DESC: Typical attacker scheme
FILE: SYSVOL\Temp\1.exe
DATE: 02/21/17 15:44:32
TYPE: system
HIVEFILE: None
EXTRAS: N/A N/A True
MD5: -
SHA1: -
SHA256: -
```

```
Aug 26 12:02:59 SRV1123.internal.net/10.0.0.112
```

THOR: Warning: MODULE: SHIMCache

MESSAGE: Suspicious file name in Shim Cache Entry detected

ELEMENT: D:\Temp\test\ client.exe

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PATTERN: \client.exe

SCORE: 60

DESC: Typical Malware Names
FILE: D:\Temp\test\ client.exe

DATE: 01/23/17 08:03:37

TYPE: system HIVEFILE: None

EXTRAS: N/A N/A False

MD5: 099120aca1c34e7a529b3b390cfdbc1e

SHA1: 4ece72b9fa13019a4ce8b4229ca7b6aee09d6982

SHA256: c3c336a23021b68b026bdf1642b220d88037039aa6d7f8e7d4d576cc38063088

## **5.3 Typical False Positives**

• Legitimate software that uses strange executable locations

• THOR's own scans if administrators chose a suspicious working directory (e.g. C:\Temp\, C:\thor\)

#### 5.4 Attribute Evaluation

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
ELEMENT	See chapter File Path Checks			
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	Is the hash field empty (this means: File was not found during the scan)	Yes		
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	See chapter <i>Hash Checks</i> for generic checks on hashes			

SIX

#### **AUTORUNS**

The Autoruns module makes use of the command line version of SysInternals Autoruns. It parses the tools output and integrates the output in each log message.

#### 6.1 References

• Microsoft Sysinternals

#### 6.2 Issues

The hash generation for the SHA1 hash in Autorunsc.exe is not reliable. The reason for this is unknown. The issue has been reported but hasn't been fixed so far. The value is therefore suppressed.

## 6.3 Samples

Aug 26 18:48:28 system.internal.net/10.1.2.50

THOR: Warning: MODULE: Autoruns

MESSAGE: New or changed autoruns element

LOCATION: HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services

ENTRY: SymELAM
ENABLED: enabled
CATEGORY: Drivers
PROFILE: System-wide

DESC: Symantec

ELAM PUBLISHER: Symantec Corporation

IMAGE\_PATH: c:\windows\system32\drivers\sep\0c011b95\19c8.105\x64\symelam.sys

LAUNCH\_STRING: system32\Drivers\SEP\0C011B95\19C8.105\x64\SymELAM.sys

MD5: 20f758e6339a16f97dd83389d582e09a

SHA1: -

SHA256: 837016154b7952b645b5545aeb8e2a8878efa8674e6b96471c3db5e458b06960

SCORE: 60

Aug 26 13:00:55 system.internal.net/10.1.2.50

THOR: Warning: MODULE: Autoruns

MESSAGE: Autoruns element located in a suspicious location

MATCH\_STRING: \temp\

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LOCATION: HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services

ENTRY: inject3526 ENABLED: enabled CATEGORY: Services PROFILE: System-wide

DESC: -PUBLISHER: -

IMAGE\_PATH: c:\users\markschmitt\appdata\local\temp\inject23.exe
LAUNCH\_STRING: C:\Users\markschmitt\AppData\Local\Temp\inject23.exe

MD5: 7f9a4835a7a237d2873901bb73d00e7b

SHA1: -

SHA256: d21d4ad73b848488890bf7f846daff7455062801d0d86238d99591219878f36a

SCORE: 75

### **6.4 Typical False Positives**

• New entries that are legitimate

• Legitimate software that uses strange autorun locations

### 6.5 Attribute Evaluation

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
MESSAGE	Does it contain "New or changed autoruns element" (Note: This is just a change notice and can be relevant on critical systems or under certain circumstances)	Yes	Good	Low
IMAGE_PATH	See chapter File Path Checks			
PUBLISHER	Is the field empty	Yes	Bad	Low
DESC	Is the field empty	Yes	Bad	Low
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	Is the hash field empty (this means: File was not found during the scan)	Yes		
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	See chapter <i>Hash Checks</i> for generic checks on hashes			

SEVEN

#### LOGSCAN

The LogScan module processes \*.log files found on disk line by line (It performs some checks to avoid scanning files that are not ASCII log files, but something else that uses the \*.log extension). Each log line is checked with all file name and keyword IOCs and scanned with the "keyword" and "log" type YARA rules.

### 7.1 Samples

```
Aug 26 18:58:32 System23.local.net/10.2.2.14
THOR: Warning: MODULE: LogScan
MESSAGE: Suspicious file name in Log Entry detected
ELEMENT: Deleted file - E:\TEAM-TRANSFER\4Helmut\Tools\PortScan.exe
PATTERN: \PortScan.exe
SCORE: 65
DESC: PortScanner Names
FILE: D:\ scripts\log\TEAM-TRANSFER.CLEANUP.cmd.2015-09-27.log
LINE: 320
```

```
Aug 27 10:40:30 System23.local.net/10.2.2.14

THOR: Warning: MODULE: LogScan

MESSAGE: Suspicious file name in Log Entry detected

ELEMENT: /EN/cmd.exe /c+dir "C:\data\inetpub\wwwroot\EN\cmd.exe" 404 "SW0123" - -

$\times 2147024864 - - 0 10.10.9.24 443 - "gi.webshop.com" - 09:48:18.024 "HTTP/1.1" "https"

$\times 1405 102

PATTERN: ([C-Zc-z]:|\\).{1,40}\
```

## 7.2 Typical False Positives

- Web vulnerability scans trying to access files that do not exist (HTTP Error 404)
- RoboCopy logs that list hack tools like nmap.exe or ncat.exe

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## 7.3 Attribute Evaluation

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
FILE	Does the path include a timestamp that indicates very old data? (e.g. C:\wwwroot\logs\ 2003-04-17-access.log)	Yes	Good	Medium
ELEMENT	Does an investigation for the remote IP address return negative or suspicious results?	Yes	Bad	High
ELEMENT	Does the web server access log line include a response code 404? (404: file not found, see the example above)	Yes	Good	Medium
ELEMENT	Does the element show an Antivirus alert? Antivirus alerts often go unnoticed / it is recommended to include them in the reports	Yes	Bad	Medium
ELEMENT	See chapter File Path Checks			

**EIGHT** 

#### **GROUPSXML**

The GroupsXML module is a module that reports on critical security issues related to decryptable passwords in group policy files, that are readable for anyone within a Windows Domain.

#### 8.1 References

- Active Directory Security
- Network Intelligence

### 8.2 Samples

Aug 28 11:07:24 System32.local.net/10.2.0.7

THOR: Warning: MODULE: GroupsXML

MESSAGE: Found decryptable password in Groups.xml

FILE: D:\SYSVOL\_DFSR\sysvol\win55.local.net\Policies\{FFABF4BC-8A98-4B3F-AD7D-

→D65A5F4C26C1}\Machine\Preferences\Groups\Groups.xml

USER: Administrator (built-in)
PASSWORD: win\*\*\*removed\*\*\*

SCORE: 75

## 8.3 Typical False Positives

• Old groups.xml files in backup locations that are not active anymore

## 8.4 Attribute Evaluation

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
PASSWORD	Does the password start with 3 digits that could indicate password that is easy to guess? (e.g. pas******, win*****, Def****)	Yes	Bad	Medium
USER	Is the user name a default user account that attackers could easily use without attracting attention? (e.g. Administrator, Admin)	Yes	Bad	Medium

**NINE** 

#### REGISTRY

Registry matches can be caused by different signature types: File name IOCs, keywords or YARA signatures matches.

### 9.1 Samples

```
Aug 29 08:13:37 system123.local.net/10.6.2.10
THOR: Warning: MODULE: Registry
MESSAGE: YARA Rule Match
KEY: Registry Key CMI-CreateHive{D43B12C1-09B5-40DB-AFF6-F6DFEB78DAEC}\Software\

Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run with 1 values and 0 subkeys
NAME: Suspicious_Startup_Loc_RegistryKey
SCORE: 70
DESCRIPTION: Detects suspicious registry values often used by malware
REF: -
MATCHED_STRINGS:

Str1: CurrentVersion\Run;Google Update;"C:\Users\MSchmitz\AppData\Local\Google\

JUpdate\GoogleUpdate.exe
```

```
Aug 28 08:17:46 system123.local.net/10.10.1.8

THOR: Warning: MODULE: Registry

MESSAGE: YARA Rule Match

KEY: Registry Key CMI-CreateHive{6A1C4018-97AB-4291-A7DC-7AED1C76667C}\Keyboard Layout\

Preload with 3 values and 0 subkeys

NAME: Chinese_Keyboard_Layout_RDP_Preload

SCORE: 70

DESCRIPTION: Chinese Keyboard Layout settings detected - this hive's user used the chinese keyboard layout

REF: http://www.welivesecurity.com/2014/05/20/miniduke-still-duking/

MATCHED_STRINGS:

Str1: Keyboard Layout\Preload;2;00000804
```

## 9.2 Typical False Positives

- Values with system files in rare locations (e.g. backup locations: \backupserv\sysbackup20171119\ Windows\system32)
- Keyboard layout preloads that are typical for the region of the system (e.g. "Chinese keyboard layout" on a system in Shanghai)
- Values that start with 4d5a by pure chance

## 9.3 Attribute Evaluation

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
MATCHED_STRIN	Do the strings match on a suspicious program location and is that location legitimate?	Yes	Good	Medium
MATCHED_STRIN		No	Bad	Medium
NAME	Does the rule name include the string RDP_Preload and the respective keyboard layout is completely implausible on that end system? (e.g. Chinese keyboard layout on system in Italy with Italian admins only)	Yes	Bad	Medium
NAME	Does the rule name include the string RDP_Preload and the respective keyboard layout is plausible on that end system? (e.g. Chinese keyboard layout on system in Shanghai)	Yes	Good	Medium

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**TEN** 

#### **WMIPERSISTENCE**

It is difficult to detect malicious WMIPersistence objects. The detection methods are based on whitelists and a blacklist with keywords from APT reports. The whitelists are extended every time our analysts detect false positives in a customer's environment. The black lists are extended every time an APT report states a certain WMI persistence method with specific event filer or event file name.

#### 10.1 References

• Github

## 10.2 Samples

Aug 26 23:16:41 server44.local.net/10.23.3.1

THOR: Warning: MODULE: WMIPersistence

MESSAGE: Suspicious WMI element

KEY: Binding 91

FILTERTYPE: HealthDriverEventConsumer EVENTFILTERNAME: HP\_TempSensorFailureEvent

EVENTCONSUMER: Health Event Consumer

EVENTFILTER: select \* from HP\_TempSensorFailureEvent

EVENTCONSUMER: -

SCORE: 75

Aug 26 23:16:41 server44.local.net/1.253.103.134

THOR: Warning: MODULE: WMIPersistence

MESSAGE: Suspicious WMI element

KEY: Binding 93

FILTERTYPE: HealthDriverEventConsumer EVENTFILTERNAME: HP\_ASRStateChangeEvent EVENTCONSUMER: Health Event Consumer

EVENTFILTER: select \* from HP\_ASRStateChangeEvent

EVENTCONSUMER: -

SCORE: 75

## 10.3 Typical False Positives

• Legitimate entries caused by system management software (e.g. HP services)

## **10.4 Attribute Evaluation**

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
EVENTFILTER	Does the Eventfilter content related to the EventFilterName? (e.g. HP_TempSensorFailureEvent and select * from HP_TempSensorFailureEvent)	Yes	Good	Medium
		No	Bad	Medium
EVENTFILTER- NAME	Does a google search on the EventFilerName show no result at all?	Yes	Bad	Medium
EVENTFILTER- NAME	Does a google search on the EventFilterName result in results that seem legitimate?	Yes	Good	Medium

**ELEVEN** 

#### **VULNERABILITYCHECK**

The VulnerabilityCheck module is limited to a few vulnerabilities that are known to be exploited by various threat groups. The vulnerability checks focus on vulnerabilities that are used for lateral movement or weaknesses which allow an attacker to easily achieve persistence without using any kind of software as backdoor. Note: There are vulnerabilities covered by YARA rules and reported in other modules. The YARA rules that detect vulnerabilities start with VUL\_.

## 11.1 Samples

Aug 29 10:06:58 server44.local.net/10.23.3.1
THOR: Warning: MODULE: VulnerabilityCheck

MESSAGE: Tomcat credential weakness REASON: Password equals the user name

USER: tomcat

FILE: F:\\apache\\tomcat\\conf\\tomcat-users.xml

SCORE: 75

## 11.2 Typical False Positives

• Weaknesses in inactive tomcat-users.xml files, e.g. in backup locations or tomcats that are only accessible on localhost

## 11.3 Attribute Evaluation

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
REASON	Password equals the user name	Yes	Bad	Medium
REASON	Password is a default password	Yes	Bad	Medium
FILE	Tomcat Vulnerability: Does the folder look like a backup location or an inactive location, not used by a running tomcat process? (e.g. H:\Backup\test_23\conf\tomcat-users.xml) Background: The vulnerability is only relevant if used by an active tomcat process. Local development installations or backups of a default config are not relevant.	Yes	Good	High
MESSAGE	Does the message state Domain Controller is running since before 11/17/2014	Yes	Bad	High

### **TWELVE**

### **LOGGEDIN**

The LoggedIn module analyses all currently logged in users and analyses their names.

## 12.1 Samples

Aug 26 12:28:07 server44.local.net/10.7.1.100

THOR: Warning: MODULE: LoggedIn

MESSAGE: Suspicious logged in user name

KEYWORD:  $^{[0-9a-z]{1,3}}$ 

USER: abc SCORE: 75

## **12.2 Typical False Positives**

• Legitimate user account with three or less characters

#### 12.3 Attribute Evaluation

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
USER	Does the user name look suspicious to a human eye? (e.g. abc, 123, adm123, suser, bckdr, master, access)	Yes	Good	Medium
		No	Bad	Medium

#### **THIRTEEN**

#### **PROCESSCHECK**

Different checks are performed in the ProcessCheck module. Some of them check the process characteristics such as parent/child relations, process priorities and executable file locations for anomalies. Other checks evaluate the processes network connections and YARA checks match on the process memory.

#### 13.1 References

• nasbench.medium.com

### 13.2 Samples

Aug 26 13:02:27 server22.local.net/10.6.19.8

THOR: Warning: MODULE: ProcessCheck

MESSAGE: Process started from a typical attacker / malware location

PID: 8336 PPID: 5796

PARENT: C:\temp\ProcessMonitor\Procmon.exe

NAME: Procmon64.exe OWNER: server-ABC123

 $\label{local-loc$ 

→ProcessMonitor\Procmon.exe"

PATH: C:\Users\SERVER~4\AppData\Local\Temp\2\Procmon64.exe

CREATED: 24.08.2017

Aug 26 13:02:55 server.local.net/10.1.19.2

THOR: Warning: MODULE: ProcessCheck MESSAGE: Yara rule match on process

PID: 32980 PPID: 4104

PARENT: C:\Program Files\Internet Explorer\iexplore.exe

NAME: iexplore.exe OWNER: SYSTEM

COMMAND: "C:\Program Files (x86)\Internet Explorer\IEXPLORE.EXE"
PATH: C:\Program Files (x86)\Internet Explorer\IEXPLORE.EXE

CREATED: 24.08.2017 05:00:02

MD5: e3da77b534d7dff8a2ae6a577a44703b

CONNECTION\_COUNT: 0

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LISTEN\_PORTS: -

RULE: CN\_C2\_Domain\_HvS\_Client\_A3

DESCRIPTION: THOR HvS Client A3 - C2 domain in file

REFERENCE: -SCORE: 75 STRINGS:

Str1: .lookipv6.com

## 13.3 Typical False Positives

- Legitimate software started from strange locations
- Old Windows versions (XP, 2003) show abnormal parent/child relation and process priority warnings
- Process end points in suspicious GEO IP regions of the world (e.g. system in China with process connections to other systems in China)
- Process memory scan alerts in processes that may contain clear-text signatures (AV process memory, VMWare tools (copied THOR to the system), GRR, SearchIndexer)

#### 13.4 Attribute Evaluation

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
COMMAND	Is the executable a well-known SysInternals tool?	Yes	Good	Medium
PATH	See chapter File Path Checks			
PARENT	Is the parent of the suspicious process a Microsoft Office program?	Yes	Bad	High
OWNER	If the owner of the suspicious process starts with IWAM_, IUSR_ or IIS_?	Yes	Bad	Medium
MESSAGE	Did the YARA rule match on IEXPLORE.EXE, VMWARE tools process memory? (Note: the Internet Explorer and VMWare tools process memory is prone to false positives)	Yes	Good	Low
MESSAGE	Did the YARA rule match on Antivirus or Security tool process memory? (e.g. CarbonBlack, GRR)	Yes	Good	High

### **FOURTEEN**

### **HOTFIXCHECK**

The HotFixCheck module analyses the installed hotfixes on the end system.

## 14.1 Samples

Sep 4 16:33:27 server11.local/192.168.2.2

THOR: Warning: MODULE: HotfixCheck

MESSAGE: Outdated System - No hotfixes installed for the last 90 days. Last hotfix

DATE: 2015/01/09

SCORE: 75

## 14.2 Typical False Positives

• THOR failed to evaluate the modules on the system and didn't return a single hotfix. In these cases, THOR reports *No Hotfixes installed or no hotfix information available*.

#### **FIFTEEN**

#### RUNKEYCHECK

The RunKeyCheck module processes entries in the RUN Key.

## 15.1 Samples

Aug 6 11:22:11 server11.local/10.252.8.237

THOR: Warning: MODULE: RunKeyCheck

MESSAGE: Suspicious file name in value detected

ELEMENT: "C:\Program Files\Microsoft Security Client\msseces.exe" -hide -runkey

PATTERN: (?i)\msseces\.exe

SCORE: 60

DESC: Executable used by PlugX DLL side-loading in non-standard location Run Key Entry

NAME: MSC

VALUE: "C:\Program Files\Microsoft Security Client\msseces.exe" -hide -runkey

FILE: C:\Program Files\Microsoft Security Client\msseces.exe FIRSTBYTES: 4d5a90000300000004000000ffff0000b8000000 / MZ

SHA1: 71fac169a5f04af634d06c367e7d832e72c1cdf2

## 15.2 Typical False Positives

• Elements matching known system files in suspicious locations (see example with msseces.exe)

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
USER	Does the user name look suspicious to a human eye? (e.g. abc, 123, adm123, suser, bckdr, master, access)	Yes	Good	Medium
		No	Bad	Medium

#### SIXTEEN

#### **AMCACHE**

The AmCache module processes entries in the AmCache of the system. In contrast to the SHIMCache entries, AmCache entries contain a SHA1 hash value that can be used to determine the exact program that was executed on the end system.

#### 16.1 References

- www.swiftforensics.com
- windowsir.blogspot.de

## 16.2 Samples

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FIRST\_RUN: 2017-07-12 14:13:32.823776 CREATED: 2017-07-12 14:13:26.886278

PRODUCT: FPipe COMPANY: Foundstone

# **16.3 Typical False Positives**

• Legitimate files in suspicious locations

• Elements matching known system files in suspicious locations

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
ELEMENT	See chapter File Path Checks			
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	See chapter <i>Hash Checks</i> for generic checks on hashes			
FIRST_RUN	Did the file run the first time on a Sunday?	Yes	Bad	Medium
FIRST_RUN	Did the file run the first time at night between 00:00 and 06:00 am in the early morning?	Yes	Bad	Medium

### **SEVENTEEN**

#### **FIREWALL**

The Firewall module evaluates all local Windows firewall rules and tries to detect suspicious entries by using whiteand blacklists.

## 17.1 Samples

Aug 26 17:51:25 server23.local.net/10.19.2.17

THOR: Warning: MODULE: Firewall

MESSAGE: Zeus Local Port defined in Firewall rule

SIGNATURE: ZEUS

RULE\_NAME: Appsense\_Input

PORT: 7771 SCORE: 75

Jul 29 11:19:48 serverx-print/10.255.80.56

THOR: Warning: MODULE: Firewall

MESSAGE: Suspicious Trojan/Backdoor Local Port defined in Firewal rule

SIGNATURE: Strange Value
RULE\_NAME: XXXCloudProxy.exe

PORT: 8080 SCORE: 75

# 17.2 Typical False Positives

- Legitimate rules for non-white-listed programs
- Legitimate rules on suspicious ports (e.g. WinSSHd on port 60022/tcp, Apache on port 4443/tcp)

## 17.3 Attribute Evaluation

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
RULE_NAME	Does the name look suspicious?	Yes	Bad	Low
PORT	Does the port relate to the rule name? (e.g. Port 8080 to Apache, Port 2222 to Bitvise SSH Daemon)	Yes	Good	Medium

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#### **EIGHTEEN**

#### SERVICECHECK

The ServiceCheck module evaluates all registered local Windows services. It detects suspicious service entries by different anomaly checks, blacklisted keywords and reports file path anomalies.

## 18.1 Samples

Aug 1 15:14:26 server88.localnet/192.168.2.4

THOR: Warning: MODULE: ServiceCheck

MESSAGE: Service started from typical attacker location

KEY: srvany

SERVICE\_NAME: srvany
IMAGE\_PATH: c:\srvany.exe

SHA1: 7c5329229042535fe56e74f1f246c6da8cea3be8

START\_TYPE: unknown USER: LocalSystem

SCORE: 75

Jul 1 11:52:41 server77.local.net/10.10.9.19

THOR: Warning: MODULE: ServiceCheck

MESSAGE: Service started from suspected attacker location

KEY: cpuz139

SERVICE\_NAME: cpuz139

IMAGE\_PATH: \\cdot?\C:\Users\u23491\AppData\Local\Temp\cpuz139\cpuz139\_x64.sys

SHA1: 13df48ab4cd412651b2604829ce9b61d39a791bb

START\_TYPE: ONDEMAND\_START

USER: SCORE: 75

Nov 20 11:44:52 PROMETHEUS/10.0.2.4 THOR: Warning: MODULE: ServiceCheck MESSAGE: YARA Rule Match in service

STRING: loadersvc - {993B4A05-7C9E-4DA7-9052-4192A3B96F21} - C:\Testing\uixvd.exe

NAME: Malicious\_Keylogger\_Service\_Driver

SCORE: 65

DESCRIPTION: Detects malicious keylogger service driver - loadersvc

REF: -

MATCHED\_STRINGS:

Str1: loadersvc

KEY: loadersvc

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SERVICE\_NAME: {993B4A05-7C9E-4DA7-9052-4192A3B96F21}

IMAGE\_PATH: C:\Testing\uixvd.exe
MODIFIED: 2017-03-17T10:53:51.143664

SHA1: -

START\_TYPE: ONDEMAND\_START

USER: LocalSystem

## **18.2 Typical False Positives**

• Legitimate software with service binaries located in suspicious folders (e.g. the user's %AppData% folder)

• Services with matching regular expression file name IOCs

• Services registered by administrators in suspicious locations (e.g. C:\srvany.exe)

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
ELEMENT	See chapter File Path Checks			
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	See chapter <i>Hash Checks</i> for generic checks on hashes			
SERVICE_NAME	Is the service name a random ID? (e.g. 98ncjs87e, {993B4A05-7C9E-4DA7-9052-4192A3B96F21})	Yes	Bad	Medium
START_TYPE	Is the start-type ONDEMAND*?	Yes	Good	Low
MODIFIED	Has the service been modified in a suspicious time frame? (Sunday night between 00:00 am and 06:00 am)	Yes	Bad	Medium
MESSAGE	Does a YARA rule match on the service entry?	Yes	Bad	Medium

#### **NINETEEN**

#### **DNSCACHE**

The DNSCache module evaluates the entries of the local DNS cache. It compares the entries with known C2 servers and reports suspicious entries based on some regular expression checks.

## 19.1 Samples

```
Aug 19 11:27:08 system444.local.net/172.27.2.7
```

THOR: Alert: MODULE: DNSCache

MESSAGE: Malware Domain found in DNS Cache

ENTRY: 60.10.1.183.in-addr.arpa

IP: 10.252.8.5 SIGNATURE: 60.10.1. DESC: Graphedt Group

SCORE: 100

Jul 8 11:30:56 system88.local.net/10.10.9.15

THOR: Warning: MODULE: DNSCache

MESSAGE: Entry with dangerous TLD found

TLD: biz

ENTRY: altftp.compsys.biz

IP: 10.11.11.40 SCORE: 75

## 19.2 Typical False Positives

- Legitimate company domains registered with a black-listed Top Level Domain (TLD) (e.g. vpnaccess. companybranch.info)
- False positives caused by in-add.arpa reversed strings that match on black-listed IP addresses
- Too short domain names from 3rd party IOC sources (e.g. ipv6.com matching on benign-site-ipv6.com)

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
IP	Is the IP known for malicious activity? (Check the platforms listed in chapter 33 Tools for Event Analysis)	Yes	Bad	Medium
		No	Good	Medium
ENTRY	Is the FQDN known for malicious activity?	Yes	Bad	Medium
		No	Good	Medium
TLD	Seems the FQDN to be legitimate although it is registered under a suspicious TLD? (e.g. servftp. companyname.biz, www2.companybranch.cn)	No	Bad	Medium
		Yes	Good	High

#### **TWENTY**

#### **HOSTS**

The Hosts module evaluates the entries in the local hosts file.

## 20.1 References

• blog.malwarebytes.com

## 20.2 Samples

```
Aug 26 11:46:14 server555.local.net/10.7.1.14
```

THOR: Warning: MODULE: Hosts

MESSAGE: New hosts entry - not found during the last run

ENTRY: master.comp-a.net

IP: 10.7.10.2 SCORE: 75

Jul 29 12:16:18 server99.local.net/10.1.1.55

THOR: Warning: MODULE: Hosts

MESSAGE: Suspicious entry found in Hosts file

ENTRY: ctldl.windowsupdate.com

IP: 127.0.0.1 SCORE: 75

## 20.3 Typical False Positives

- Entries on development systems to simulate future DNS resolution (e.g. www.company-intranet.net 10.0. 2.28)
- Some Antivirus tools insert entries into the hosts file to immunize the system (e.g. Spybot Search & Destroy)

# 20.4 Attribute Evaluation

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
MESSAGE	Does a new host file entry look legitimate?	Yes	Good	Medium
ENTRY	Does the FQDN related to a server of a security software like an update server of an Antivirus server? (e.g. update1.f-secure.com)	Yes	Bad	Medium
IP	Is the IP address not in a local network? (10.0.0.0/8, 192.168.0.0/16, 172.16.0.0/12)	No	Bad	Medium

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#### **TWENTYONE**

#### **WMISTARTUP**

The WMIStartup module uses different WMI queries to retrieve information on elements that could be used for persistence. It is very likely that findings by this module also appear in other modules (e.g. Autoruns) in a different form, because it just uses a different method to look at the same elements.

## 21.1 Samples

Aug 23 02:03:12 server55.local.net/10.16.1.44

THOR: Warning: MODULE: WMIStartup

MESSAGE: Suspicious startup program WMI Run Key Evaluation

LOCATION: "C:\Users\user1\AppData\Local\Temp\1\RarSFX1\01ympUpgrade.exe"

SCORE: 75

May 20 11:14:52 wks10021/10.1.7.60 THOR: Warning: MODULE: WMIStartup

MESSAGE: Suspicious startup program WMI Run Key Evaluation

LOCATION: "C:\Users\user1\AppData\Local\Akamai\netsession\_win.exe"

SCORE: 75

## 21.2 Typical False Positives

• Legitimate software that uses suspicious startup locations

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
LOCATION	See chapter File Path Checks			

#### **TWENTYTWO**

### COMMANDCHECK

The CommandCheck module is a meta module that analyses full command lines (path, executable, parameters) in different modules.

## 22.1 Samples

May 20 12:25:49 server55.local.net/10.1.12.2

THOR: Warning: MODULE: CommandCheck MESSAGE: Command in suspicious location

PATH: C:\Windows\TEMP\vmw72DE.tmp\guestcustutil.exe

SCORE: 75

May 6 11:26:59 server88.local.net/10.10.9.33

THOR: Warning: MODULE: CommandCheck MESSAGE: Command in suspicious location

PATH: d:\temp\aaa.cmd

SCORE: 75

## 22.2 Typical False Positives

• Legitimate administrative activity that looks suspicious

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
LOCATION	See chapter File Path Checks			

### **TWENTYTHREE**

#### **PROCESSHANDLES**

The ProcessHandles module is a sub module of the ProcessCheck module that analyses the handles of each process. The module makes use of the SysInternals handle.exe tool that can be placed in the ./tools sub folder.

## 23.1 Samples

```
Jun 24 11:52:08 server77.local.net/10.1.90.18
THOR: Warning: MODULE: ProcessHandles
MESSAGE: Suspicious file name in Process Handle detected
VALUE: D:\Lotus\Domino\data\mail\htrang.nsf
PATTERN: \htran
SCORE: 75
DESC: Diverse
PID: 1068
COMMAND: D:\Lotus\Domino\nserver.exe =D:\Lotus\Domino\notes.ini -j
HANDLEID: EF0
HANDLE: File (RW-)
```

```
Aug 4 11:44:08 serv55123/10.2.47.43
THOR: Alert: MODULE: ProcessHandles
MESSAGE: Malware file name in Process Handle detected
VALUE: G:\Documents\InfoStream\mimikatz-master
PATTERN: \mimikatz AND mimikatz
SCORE: 145
DESC: Allgemein
PID: 4
COMMAND: N/A
HANDLEID: 11698
HANDLE: File (RWD)
```

# 23.2 Typical False Positives

• Legitimate administrative activity that looks suspicious

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
VALUE PATTERN	See chapter <i>File Path Checks</i> Does it look like a weak pattern matching on legitimate handles?	Yes	Good	Medium

### **TWENTYFOUR**

### **PROCESSCONNECTION**

The ProcessConnections module checks the network connections of a process and generates alerts and warnings based on C2 signature matches and suspicious GEO IP lookups.

## 24.1 Samples

Oct 25 17:33:17 server66.local.net/147.2.20.16

THOR: Notice: MODULE: ProcessConnections

MESSAGE: Established connection

PID: 3012

NAME: dfssvc.exe

COMMAND: C:\Windows\system32\dfssvc.exe

LIP: 147.2.20.16 LPORT: 56513 RIP: 147.2.21.188 RPORT: 53389

Oct 25 17:33:17 server66.local.net/10.1.30.2 THOR: Notice: MODULE: ProcessConnections MESSAGE: Relevant remote region GEO IP lookup

PID: 3012 NAME: p.exe

COMMAND: C:\Windows\system32\p.exe

LIP: 10.1.30.2 LPORT: 56513 RIP: 14.102.172.144

RPORT: 6022

COUNTRY: PK

# 24.2 Typical False Positives

- A Legitimate software updater that receive updates directly from 3rd party systems
- OS or AV telemetry services (often related to Microsoft, Google, Symantec, McAfee, etc.)
- Legitimate connections to service providers or branch office servers

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
COMMAND	See chapter File Path Checks			
RIP	Is the remote IP ( <b>RIP</b> ) known for malicious activity? (Check the platforms listed in chapter <i>Tools for Event Analysis</i> )	Yes	Bad	Medium
		No	Good	Medium
RIP	Does the remote IP lookup point to a service provider or branch office network? (e.g. stock exchange server range in a banking environment, travel data provider network in an aviation environment)	Yes	Good	High
COUNTRY	Is the endpoint in the given country plausible? (e.g. Web server and endpoint in Pakistan = website visitor)	Yes	Good	Medium
		No	Bad	Medium
RPORT	Does a Google search on the remote port show only suspicious, malware or hacking related results? (e.g. lookup for port 4444)	Yes	Bad	High
LPORT/RPORT	Does the remote port correspond with the local port and is this form of connection legitimate? (e.g. local port is 22 (ssh) and remote port is 14560, local port is 80 (http) and remote port is 34283)	Yes	Good	Medium
LPORT/RPORT	Does the remote port correspond with the local port and is this form of connection suspicious? (e.g. remote port is 4444, remote port is 22/tcp (ssh) and outgoing SSH is forbidden)	Yes	Bad	Medium
LIP/RIP	Is the remote system a system in a public IP range that is not related to the company and is the local system an internal system that shouldn't communicate with the Internet directly?	Yes	Bad	High

#### **TWENTYFIVE**

#### **WER**

The WER (Windows Error Reporting) module analyses program crash files and checks for special crashes caused by exploits and filename IOC signature matches in the application path. Software can break, so applications tend to crash, hack tools and exploits crash as well. Even if the attackers completely removed their tools from a system, a crashed exploit code, scanner, password dumper or backdoor will still be visible in the Windows Error Reports.

Note: Microsoft's own Incident Response team makes use of the WER file analysis with their own tool named WOLF

## 25.1 Samples

```
Jun Oct 25 21:01:51 server44.local.net/10.216.2.186
```

THOR: Notice: MODULE: WER

MESSAGE: Error Report - Found AppHang

EXE: notepad++.exe

DATE: 2011-08-25 07:37:39

FILE: C:\Users\scadmin\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WER\ReportArchive\AppHang\_

-notepad++.exe\_4eafbb67f1329f8691e382b93f71beb6d0fcb99\_cfe6cd59\_5da093b9\Report.wer

APPPATH: C:\Program Files (x86)\Notepad++\notepad++.exe

ERROR: - / -

FAULT\_IN\_MODULE: not set

## 25.2 Typical False Positives

• Software is broken so application tend to crash

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
APPPATH	See chapter File Path Checks			
MESSAGE	Does the message contain a CVE number?	Yes	Bad	Medium

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#### **TWENTYSIX**

#### **USERACCOUNTS**

The UserAccounts module analyses the local user database. It checks for suspicious user names, suspicious members in the Administrators group, activated guest accounts, user accounts created on Sundays and reports recently logged in users. It applies the hot time frame parameter (-f) if given and reports suspicious account activity on a given set of dates.

### 26.1 Samples

```
Jun Oct 25 21:01:51 server44.local.net/10.216.2.186

THOR: Notice: MODULE: UserAccounts

MESSAGE: Recently logged in

USER: sa_backup

FULL_NAME: sa_backup

PRIV: 2

LAST_LOGON: 24/10/2017 16:08:22

BADPWCOUNT: 0

SERVER: \*
NUM_LOGONS: 9

PASS_AGE: 105.00 days

ACTIVE: True

NO_EXPIRE: True

LOCKED: False
```

```
Oct 23 15:27:12 server44.local.net/10.216.2.186
THOR: Warning: MODULE: UserAccounts
MESSAGE: Last password change of user happened in relevant time frame
USER: Administrator
FULL_NAME:
PRIV: 2
LAST_LOGON: 23/10/2017 08:03:15
BADPWCOUNT: 0
SERVER: \*
NUM_LOGONS: 14
PASS_AGE: 3.00 days
ACTIVE: True
NO_EXPIRE: True
LOCKED: False
SCORE: 75
```

```
Aug 28 12:27:29 PROMETHEUS/10.0.2.4 THOR: Warning: MODULE: UserAccounts
MESSAGE: Suspicious user name in Local Administrators group NAME: Guest SCORE: 75
```

```
Sep 8 12:32:39 PROMETHEUS/10.0.2.4 THOR: Warning: MODULE: UserAccounts
MESSAGE: Suspicious user name KEYWORD: (^[0-9a-z]{1,3}$|^test$|^sa

→$|hack|exploit|nopw|temp)
USER: neo FULL_NAME: PRIV: 2 LAST_LOGON: 30/08/2017 12:43:41 BADPWCOUNT: 0 SERVER: \*
NUM_LOGONS: 352 PASS_AGE: 930.00 days ACTIVE: True NO_EXPIRE: True LOCKED: False SCORE:

→75
```

# 26.2 Typical False Positives

- Organizations that use short user names (e.g. ska, mba, jmi)
- User creation on a Sunday creates warning messages in regions in which a Sunday is a normal working day (e.g. Israel)

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
MESSAGE	Is the user name suspicious but plausible in the organization?	Yes	Good	Medium
MESSAGE	Is the Guest account active although it shouldn't be?	Yes	Bad	High
MESSAGE	Has the Guest account be added to the local Administrators?	Yes	Bad	High
MESSAGE	Does the account activity happen in the given hot time frame?	Yes	Bad	Medium

## **TWENTYSEVEN**

## **ATJOBS**

The AtJobs module analyses the local user jobs and just lists them in "Info" level messages and applies the global string check on the command line.

# 27.1 Samples

• TBT

# 27.2 Typical False Positives

• Software updater

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
LOCATION	See chapter File Path Checks			

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#### **TWENTYEIGHT**

### **SCHEDULEDTASKS**

The ScheduledTasks module analyses the local user at jobs and just lists them in "Info" level messages and applies the global string check on the command line.

## 28.1 Samples

Aug 2 14:37:48 server44/192.168.2.4 THOR: Notice: MODULE: ScheduledTasks

MESSAGE: Noticeable file name in command detected

ELEMENT: C:\start1.bat
PATTERN: \start1\.bat\$

SCORE: 50

DESC: Indian Cyber Attack Task

NAME: kpistart1 sabato COMMAND: C:\start1.bat

USER: Webload

LASTRUN: 15/05/2010 14:02:00 NEXTRUN: 30/11/1999 00:00:00

MD5: 666081523aeff8d40d53b4f6aeedd851

SHA1:

## 28.2 Typical False Positives

- · Software updaters
- Administrative jobs

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
NAME	Does the name look like a random value? (e.g. jd8slpk8d8)	Yes	Bad	High
NAME	Does the name contain words in the local language? (e.g. Datensicherung, copiar-datos-privados)	Yes	Good	High
LOCATION	See chapter File Path Checks			

#### **TWENTYNINE**

#### RESCONTROL

The Rescontrol (Resource Control) module generates "Warning" level messages in cases a resource limit has been reached. In most of the cases, this is caused by very low free main memory levels or false positives that generated many SYSLOG messages. Resource control is active by default and can be deactivated with (--norescontrol).

#### Resource control:

- Stops the THOR scan if the available free main memory drops below 50MB
- Switches to reduced syslog mode (Warnings and Alerts only) if more than 5MB of data has been sent via Syslog

## 29.1 Samples

```
Aug 2 14:37:48 server44/192.168.2.4
THOR: Warning: MODULE: Rescontrol
MESSAGE: Stopping THOR scan in order to avoid a memory outage (use --norescontrol to_avoid this)
SCORE: 75
```

```
Aug 2 14:37:48 server44/192.168.2.4

THOR: Warning: MODULE: Rescontrol

MESSAGE: Logged more than 5000000 bytes via SYSLOG. This seems odd. Resource control

activates 'reduced syslog' mode.

SCORE: 75
```

#### **THIRTY**

#### **DEEPDIVE**

A DeepDive on memory images or disk space cannot be analyzed by THOR events alone. You typically need the memory dumps or restored chunks to evaluate the findings. This typically takes a lot more time, know-how and effort to complete.

We recommend the analysis of DeepDive module events only in case other indicators give a sufficient initial suspicion.

## 30.1 Samples

```
Sep 5 17:23:56 server44.local.net/10.16.3.7
THOR: Alert: MODULE: DeepDive
MESSAGE: YARA Score Rule Match
TARGET: C:\WINDOWS\PCHEALTH\ERRORREP\UserDumps\thor.exe.20170904-154909-00.hdmp
TYPE: file
NAME: HurricanePanda_C2_Server
SCORE: 180
DESCRIPTION: Hurricane Panda C2 Server in file http://goo.gl/Fm00Q8
OFFSET: 203423744
MATCHING STRINGS:
       S1: 203.135.134.243
                IN: 1dns.dubkill.com.in$s2203.135.134.243$s3newss.effers.com$s4
        S2: 202.181.133.237
                IN: upport.proxydns.com$s13202.181.133.237MobileDevicesUsedtoExecu
        S3: 223.29.248.9
                IN: e.authorizeddns.org$s11223.29.248.9$s12googlesupport.proxy
       S4: 61.78.34.179
```

```
Aug 26 22:20:18 server44.local.net/10.10.1.4
THOR: Alert: MODULE: DeepDive
MESSAGE: YARA Score Rule Match
TARGET: C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\McAfee\TalkBack\Data\RPCSERV(1).dmp
TYPE: file
NAME: WindowsCredentialEditor
SCORE: 140
DESCRIPTION: Windows Credential Editor
OFFSET: 203423744
MATCHING_STRINGS:
S1: Windows Credentials Editor
```

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IN: %.2X%.2XttcaWindows Credentials Editor-- by Hernan Ochoa (herna

# **30.2 Typical False Positives**

- Antivirus signatures in pagefile.sys or in disk surface scans
- Findings in  $\McAfee\TalkBack\Data\RPCSERV$
- THOR process dump files

## **THIRTYONE**

## **OTHER MODULES**

Messages from other modules like Rootkit, SkeletonKey, ReginFS should always be considered relevant and handled with high priority.

# 31.1 Samples

Aug 23 11:26:26 server44.local.net/10.16.22.2

THOR: Notice: MODULE: SkeletonKey

 ${\tt MESSAGE: Domain \ Controller \ supports \ AES \ type \ encryption. \ No \ Skeleton Key \ type \ attack\_leading the leading of the leadin$ 

⊸detected.

## **THIRTYTWO**

## **GENERIC CHECKS**

## 32.1 File Path Checks

The checks listed in the following table apply to any file path string in many different modules.

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
FILE	Is the file located in a temporary directory? (e.g. C:\ Temp, C:\Users\user1\AppData\Local\Temp)	Yes	Bad	Medium
FILE	Does the path contain elements in a local language? (e.g\Datensicherung, C:\Progs\Zeiterfassung\ze.exe)	Yes	Good	Medium
FILE	Does the file have matches on other systems as well?	Yes, more than 1		
		Yes, on more than 10	Good	Medium
		Yes, on more than <b>100</b>	Good	High
FILE	Is the file name known on Google? (results point to goodware or known Windows file names)	Yes	Good	Medium
FILE	Is the file name known on Google and results point to malware or hack tools?	Yes	Bad	Medium
FILE	Does an exact Google search for the program path return no results?	Yes	Bad	Low
FILE	Do sandbox reports and antivirus scan reports show up, when you google the filename or specific path name (e.g. GoogleMasterUpdate\gm.exe)	Yes	Bad	Medium
FILE	Does the path look like a "backup" directory or user's "home folder" on a server drive (e.g. G:\Backup2007\ or N:\Home-Folders\user2345\AppData\Local\Temp)	Yes	Good	Medium
FILE	Is the file located in an %AppData% folder in the user profile?	Yes	Bad	Low
FILE	Is the file located in a folder that should not contain executable files? (e.g. C:\Windows\Fonts, C:\PerfLogs, C:\Users\x123\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\certs, C:\Windows\inf, C:\Users\Public\Documents)	Yes	Bad	Medium
FILE	Does the file name look like a tool used for administration purposes? (e.g. C:\robocopy-migration.exe)	Yes	Good	Low
FILE	Is the path a mounted / shared network drive? (e.g. \\ tsclient\C\$, \\server1\C\$\temp\m.exe)	Yes	Bad	Medium
FILE	Does the path look like the product is a strange custom software? (e.g. C:\Temp\Arbeitszeitnachweis\AZN-service.exe)	Yes	Good	Medium
FILE	Is the program located directly in a folder that is typically empty and only contains sub directories? (e.g. C:\ProgramData\1.exe, C:\Users\user\AppData\Roaming\1.exe)	Yes	Bad	Medium
FILE	Does the file look as if it has been modified by a user to circumvent security filters? (e.g. Text file reported as executable: Weihnachsgrüße.txt, ChromePortable.txt)	Yes	Good	Low

# 32.2 Hash Checks

We recommend using Virustotal for the analysis of Hash values.

• www.virustotal.com

The checks listed in the following table apply to any hash value reported in many different modules.

Attribute	Question	Answer	Indica- tion	Weight
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	What does the Virustotal.com check show?	Un- known		
		Suspicious (> 2 matches)	Bad	High
		Malicious (> 10 matches)	Bad	High
	Does Virustotal show other suspicious names in the Additional Information tab $-$ e.g. file names with . vir or .virobj extension, or file names that are hashes	Yes	Bad	Low
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	Is first submission on Virustotal very far in the past? (>7 years)	Yes	Good	Low
	Are there any negative votes or comments on Virustotal?	Yes	Bad	Medium
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	Does at least one matching AV signature on Virustotal contain one of the following keywords: Hack, Scan, Dump, Password, Webshell	Yes	Bad	High
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	Is the file part of the Microsoft software catalogue? (Virustotal shows that on a green bar above the analysis)	Yes	Good	High
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	Does Virustotal show the bar "probably harmless"?	Yes	Good	High
	Does the file has a valid software signature from a trusted vendor?	Yes	Good	Medium
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	Does the listed File names contain only legitimate names? (e.g. javaw.exe, java.exe)	Yes	Good	Low
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	Does the listed File names contain hash values?	Yes	Bad	Low
MD5/SHA1/SHA256	Does the Portable Executable (PE, EXE) file have a very old compilation time stamp? (> 10 years)	Yes	Good	Low

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### **THIRTYTHREE**

### **TOOLS FOR EVENT ANALYSIS**

This list of tools will help you with your event analysis.

#### 33.1 VirusTotal

Used for: File Hashes, Domains, IPs, File Names

www.virustotal.com

Also search for IPs and Domain Names – Examples:

https://www.virustotal.com/en/domain/DOMAIN/information/

https://www.virustotal.com/en/ip-address/58.158.177.102/information/

File Name Search – via Google Search:

inurl:virustotal.com filename

#### 33.2 PEStudio

Windows tool that helps in the initial and static assessment of a file Sample (if available) www.winitor.com

### 33.3 APT Custom Search

Custom Search Engine for APT related Sites cse.google.com

## 33.4 Hybrid Analysis

Used for: Samples Upload, search for methods and keywords www.hybrid-analysis.com

## 33.5 any.run

Used for Sample Upload and more any.run

#### 33.6 Automatic Hash Checks

You can use the Python script munin.py to batch process lists of Hash values or even complete THOR log files as the script automatically extracts the relevant values from each line. The best option is to use the \*.csv files produced after a THOR run and use them as input for the script.

```
user@unix~:$ cat *.csv >> all-hashes.csv
user@unix~:$ python munin.py -i config.ini -f all-hashes.csv
```

github.com/Neo23x0/munin

## **THIRTYFOUR**

## **INDICES AND TABLES**

search